UNITED
NATIONS

E

Economic and Social Council

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E/1993/L.1
28 January 1993

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Resumed organizational session for 1993

ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of members of the functional commissions of the Council

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with section V of Economic and Social Council resolution 557 C (XVIII) of 5 August 1954, as amended by the Council's decision of 19 December 1968, the Secretary-General sent a note verbale to Member States in January 1993, informing them of the forthcoming vacancies in the functional commissions to be filled by the Council at its resumed organizational session for 1993, to be held on 29 and 30 April 1993.

2. Under the terms of Council resolution 1147 (XLI) of 4 August 1966, in 1993 the members of the Statistical Commission, the Population Commission, the Commission on Human Rights, the Commission on the Status of Women, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs and the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice are to be elected on the basis of equitable geographical distribution according to a specified pattern. The Secretary-General, in the annex to his note verbale, indicated the pattern applicable to each of the commissions concerned.

3. With respect to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, the Council, in its resolution 1991/49 of 21 June 1991, decided to increase the membership of the Commission from 40 to 53. In accordance with Council resolution 845 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961, the members of the Commission are elected (a) from among the States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies and the parties to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961; (b) with due regard to the adequate representation of countries which are important in the field of the manufacture of narcotic drugs and of countries in which drug addiction or the illicit traffic in narcotic drugs constitutes an important problem; and (c) taking into account the principle of equitable geographical distribution.

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4. At its organizational session for 1992, the Economic and Social Council, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 46/152 of 18 December 1991, established the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (resolution 1992/1). The 40 members are elected on the basis of the principle of equitable geographical distribution. They serve for a term of three years, except that for the initial period, the terms of one half of the elected members, whose names were chosen by lot, will expire after two years (see Council decision 1992/200). In addition, each Member State is requested to make every effort to ensure that its delegation includes experts and senior officials with special training and practical experience in crime prevention and criminal justice, preferably with policy responsibility in the field.

5. The composition of the functional commissions is given in the annex to the present document. The number of members to be elected to each commission from each regional group is indicated.

Annex

MEMBERSHIP OF THE FUNCTIONAL COMMISSIONS IN 1993

Statistical Commission - 24 members

(Term of four years)

Five members from African States

Ghana (1995), Kenya* (1993), Morocco (1995), Togo* (1993), Zambia* (1993)

Four members from Asian States

China (1995), India (1996), Japan (1996), Pakistan (1995)

Four members from Eastern European States

Czechoslovakia+ (1995), Poland (1995), Russian Federation* (1993), Ukraine (1996)

Four members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina* (1993), Brazil (1996), Jamaica (1995), Mexico (1996)

Seven members from Western European and other States

Australia (1996), France* (1993), Germany* (1993), Netherlands* (1993), Sweden (1996), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1996), United States of America (1995)

Eight members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Three members from African States;

One member from Eastern European States;

One member from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Three members from Western European and other States.

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* Retiring member.

\+ See E/1993/2/Add.1.

Population Commission - 27 members

(Term of four years)

Seven members from African States

Botswana* (1993), Cameroon (1996), Madagascar (1995), Rwanda (1995), Sudan (1995), United Republic of Tanzania (1996), Zambia* (1993)

Five members from Asian States

Bangladesh (1996), China* (1993), Iran (Islamic Republic of)* (1993), Japan (1995), Pakistan (1995)

Three members from Eastern European States

Hungary (1996), Poland (1995), Russian Federation* (1993)

Five members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Colombia (1996), Honduras (1995), Mexico* (1993), Nicaragua (1996), Panama* (1993)

Seven members from Western European and other States

Belgium (1996), Canada (1996), France (1995), Germany (1996), Netherlands (1995), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* (1993), United States of America* (1993)

Nine members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Two members from African States;

Two members from Asian States;

One member from Eastern European States;

Two members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Two members from Western European and other States.

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* Retiring member.

Commission on Human Rights - 53 members

(Term of three years)

Fifteen members from African States

Angola (1994), Burundi* (1993), Gabon (1994), Gambia* (1993), Guinea-Bissau (1995), Kenya (1994), Lesotho (1994), Libyan Arab Jamahiriya (1994), Mauritania* (1993), Mauritius (1995), Nigeria (1994), Sudan (1995), Togo (1995), Tunisia (1994), Zambia* (1993)

Twelve members from Asian States

Bangladesh (1994), China* (1993), Cyprus (1994), India (1994), Indonesia* (1993), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1994), Japan* (1993), Malaysia (1995), Pakistan (1995), Republic of Korea (1995), Sri Lanka (1994), Syrian Arab Republic (1994)

Five members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1994), Czechoslovakia*+ (1993), Poland (1995), Romania (1995), Russian Federation (1994)

Eleven members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina* (1993), Barbados (1994), Brazil (1995), Chile (1994), Colombia (1994), Costa Rica (1994), Cuba (1994), Mexico (1995), Peru* (1993), Uruguay (1994), Venezuela* (1993)

Ten members from Western European and other States

Australia* (1993), Austria* (1993), Canada (1994), Finland (1995), France (1995), Germany* (1993), Netherlands (1994), Portugal* (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1994), United States of America (1995)

Fifteen members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Four members from African States;

Three members from Asian States;

One member from Eastern European States;

Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Four members from Western European and other States.

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* Retiring member.

\+ See E/1993/2/Add.1.

Commission on the Status of Women - 45 members

(Term of four years)

Thirteen members from African States

Algeria (1996), Côte d'Ivoire (1994), Egypt* (1993), Ghana* (1993), Guinea-Bissau (1996), Madagascar (1995), Nigeria* (1993), Rwanda (1994), Sudan (1996), Uganda* (1993), Zaire (1994), Zambia (1995), Zimbabwe* (1993)

Eleven members from Asian States

Bangladesh (1994), China (1995), Cyprus* (1993), India* (1993), Indonesia* (1993), Iran (Islamic Republic of)* (1993), Japan (1996), Malaysia* (1993), Pakistan (1995), Philippines (1994), Thailand (1996)

Four members from Eastern European States

Belarus (1996), Bulgaria (1994), Czechoslovakia+ (1995), Russian Federation (1994)

Nine members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Bahamas* (1993), Chile (1995), Colombia (1996), Cuba (1996), Ecuador* (1993), Jamaica* (1993), Mexico (1994), Peru (1995), Venezuela (1995)

Eight members from Western European and other States

Australia (1996), Austria (1996), Finland (1995), France (1996), Italy (1994), Netherlands (1994), Spain (1995), United States of America (1994)

Thirteen members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Five members from African States;

Five members from Asian States;

Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States.

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* Retiring member.

\+ See E/1993/2/Add.1.

Commission on Narcotic Drugs - 53 members

(Term of four years)

Eleven members from African States

Egypt (1995), Gabon (1995), Gambia* (1993), Ghana* (1993), Lesotho (1995), Libyan Arab Jamahiriya* (1993), Madagascar (1995), Morocco (1995), Nigeria (1995), Senegal* (1993), Tunisia (1995)

Eleven members from Asian States

China* (1993), India (1995), Indonesia* (1993), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1995), Japan* (1993), Malaysia* (1993), Pakistan (1995), Philippines (1995), Republic of Korea (1995), Syrian Arab Republic (1995), Thailand (1995)

Six members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria* (1993), Czechoslovakia+ (1995), Hungary* (1993), Poland (1995), Russian Federation* (1993), Yugoslavia (1995)

Eleven members from Latin American and Caribbean States (Ten seats and the seat rotated between the Asian States and the Latin American and Caribbean States)

Bahamas* (1993), Bolivia (1995), Chile (1995), Colombia* (1993), Ecuador* (1993), Jamaica (1995), Mexico* (1993), Nicaragua (1995), Peru (1995), Uruguay (1995), Venezuela (1995)

Fourteen members from Western European and other States

Australia* (1993), Belgium* (1993), Canada (1995), France (1995), Germany (1995), Italy (1995), Netherlands (1995), Norway (1995), Spain* (1993), Sweden* (1993), Switzerland (1995), Turkey (1995), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* (1993), United States of America (1995)

Twenty members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Four members from African States;

Four members from Asian States;

Three members from Eastern European States;

Four members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Five members from Western European and other States.

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* Retiring member.

\+ See E/1993/2/Add.1.

Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice - 40 members

(Term of three years)

Twelve members from African States

Burkina Faso* (1993), Gabon* (1993), Ghana (1994), Guinea-Bissau* (1993), Libyan Arab Jamahiriya* (1993), Madagascar (1994), Malawi* (1993), Nigeria (1994), Sierra Leone (1994), Tunisia* (1993), Uganda* (1993), Zaire* (1993)

Nine members from Asian States

China (1994), Indonesia (1994), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1994), Japan* (1993), Malaysia* (1993), Philippines (1994), Republic of Korea (1994), Saudi Arabia* (1993), Sri Lanka* (1993)

Four members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1994), Hungary* (1993), Poland (1994), Russian Federation* (1993)

Eight members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Bolivia (1994), Costa Rica* (1993), Cuba* (1993), Dominican Republic* (1993), Nicaragua (1994), Paraguay (1994), Peru (1994), Uruguay (1994)

Seven members from Western European and other States

Australia (1994), Austria* (1993), Finland* (1993), France (1994), Germany* (1993), Italy (1994), United States of America (1994)

Twenty members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Eight members from African States;

Four members from Asian States;

Two members from Eastern European States;

Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Three members from Western European and other States.

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* Retiring member.

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 10 members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund has 41 members. In accordance with General Assembly resolution 36/244, the Economic and Social Council is to elect, at its resumed organizational session for 1993, 10 members of the Board for a three-year term, beginning on 1 August 1993, to fill the vacancies that will occur on 31 July 1993 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Czechoslovakia, 1/ Denmark, India, Indonesia, Liberia, Sierra Leone, Spain, Sri Lanka, Switzerland and Uruguay.

2. The 10 members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Two members from African States;
Three members from Asian States;
Two members from Eastern European States; 2/
One member from Latin American and Caribbean States;
Two members from Western European and other States.

3. The current membership of the Executive Board is given in the annex to this document.

Notes

1/ See E/1993/2/Add.1.

2/ Including the seat rotated among the five regional groups.

Annex

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND

(41 members)

Membership from 1 August 1992

Nine seats for African States

Angola (1994), Central African Republic (1994), Congo (1994), Ethiopia (1994), Liberia* (1993), Mozambique (1995), Senegal (1994), Sierra Leone* (1993), United Republic of Tanzania (1994)

Nine seats for Asian States

China (1995), India* (1993), Indonesia* (1993), Japan (1994), Nepal (1995), Pakistan (1994), Republic of Korea (1994), Sri Lanka* (1993), Yemen (1994)

Four seats for Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1995), Czechoslovakia* + (1993), Russian Federation (1994), Yugoslavia (1994)

Six seats for Latin American and Caribbean States

Brazil (1994), Colombia (1995), Costa Rica (1995), Jamaica (1994), Nicaragua (1994), Uruguay* (1993)

Thirteen seats for Western European and other States (twelve seats and the seat rotated among the five regional groups)

Australia (1994), Canada (1995), Denmark* (1993), France (1994), Germany (1995), Italy (1994), Netherlands (1995), Norway (1994), Spain* (1993), Sweden (1995), Switzerland* (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1994), United States of America (1994)

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* Retiring member.

\+ See E/1993/2/Add.1.

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 16 members of the Commission on Transnational Corporations

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The Commission on Transnational Corporations has 48 members. In accordance with resolution 1913 (LVII), the Economic and Social Council is to elect, at its resumed organizational session for 1993, 16 members from all States to the Commission on Transnational Corporations for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1994. Fifteen vacancies will occur on 31 December 1993 upon the expiration of the terms of the Bahamas, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bulgaria, Burundi, Chile, Colombia, Ghana, India, Iraq, Italy, Kenya, Poland, the Republic of Korea and Zambia; one vacancy for a member from Western European and other States was not previously filled.

2. The 16 members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Four members from African States;
Four members from Asian States;
Two members from Eastern European States;
Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;
Three members from Western European and other States.

3. In addition, the Council is to elect the following members whose election was postponed from previous sessions: two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1995 and one member from Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1993.

4. The membership of the Commission in 1993 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

COMMISSION ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS

(48 members)

Membership in 1993

Twelve members from African States

Algeria (1995), Benin, (1995), Burundi* (1993), Congo (1994), Gabon (1994), Ghana* (1993), Kenya* (1993), Sudan (1994), Swaziland (1994), Tunisia (1995), Zambia* (1993), Zimbabwe (1995)

Eleven members from Asian States a/

Bangladesh* (1993), China (1995), India* (1993), Indonesia (1994), Iraq* (1993), Japan (1995), Pakistan (1994), Republic of Korea* (1993), Thailand (1994)

Five members from Eastern European States

Belarus (1995), Bulgaria* (1993), Poland* (1993), Romania (1995), Russian Federation (1994)

Ten members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina (1995), Bahamas* (1993), Chile* (1993), Colombia* (1993), Costa Rica (1994), Guatemala (1994), Jamaica (1994), Mexico (1994), Peru (1995), Uruguay (1995)

Ten members from Western European and other States b/

Belgium* (1993), France (1995), Germany (1995), Italy* (1993), Netherlands (1994), Sweden (1994), Switzerland (1995), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1994), United States of America (1994)

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* Retiring member.

a/ There are two vacancies in this group (see para. 3 above).

b/ There is one vacancy in this group (see para. 3 above).

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Economic and Social Council

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 18 members of the Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting has 34 members. In accordance with resolutions 1982/67 and 1985/71, the Economic and Social Council is to elect, at its resumed organizational session for 1993, 18 members of the Working Group for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1994. Seventeen vacancies will occur on 31 December 1993 upon the expiration of the terms of Brazil, China, Egypt, France, Gabon, Germany, Kenya, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Panama, the Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand and Turkey; one vacancy for a member from Asian States was not previously filled.

2. The 18 members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Five members from African States;
Three members from Asian States;
One member from Eastern European States;
Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;
Six members from Western European and other States.

3. In addition, the Council is to elect one member from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1993 whose election was postponed from previous sessions.

4. The membership of the Working Group in 1993 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

INTERGOVERNMENTAL WORKING GROUP OF EXPERTS ON INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

(34 members)

Membership in 1993

Nine members from African States

Egypt* (1993), Gabon* (1993), Kenya* (1993), Malawi (1994), Mauritius* (1993), Morocco* (1993), Nigeria (1994), Sudan (1994), Swaziland (1994)

Seven members from Asian States a/

China* (1993), Cyprus (1994), India (1994), Jordan (1994), Pakistan (1994), Thailand* (1993)

Three members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1994), Hungary (1994), Russian Federation* (1993)

Six members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Brazil* (1993), Chile (1994), Costa Rica (1994), Mexico* (1993), Panama* (1993), Uruguay (1994)

Nine members from Western European and other States

France* (1993), Germany* (1993), Italy (1994), Netherlands (1994), Spain* (1993), Sweden* (1993), Switzerland* (1993), Turkey* (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1994)

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* Retiring member.

a/ There is one vacancy in this group (see para. 3 above).

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Nomination of 20 members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The Committee for Programme and Coordination has 34 members. In accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 2008 (LX) and General Assembly decision 42/450, the Council is required to nominate 20 members for election by the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session to fill the vacancies in the Committee that will occur on 31 December 1993 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Brazil, Bulgaria, Burundi, Chile, Colombia, Congo, Germany, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Italy, Netherlands, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Poland, Trinidad and Tobago, Uganda, Ukraine and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. The term is three years, beginning on 1 January 1994.

2. The vacancies are to be filled according to the following pattern:

Four members from African States;
Four members from Asian States;
Three members from Eastern European and other States;
Four members from Latin American and Caribbean States;
Five members from Western European and other States.

3. The Council is reminded that the General Assembly, in section III of its resolution 3392 (XXX) on the review of the intergovernmental and expert machinery dealing with the formulation, review and approval of programmes and budgets, encouraged Member States to be represented in the Committee for Programme and Coordination at an adequate level in order to raise the expertise of the Committee.

4. The membership of the Committee in 1993 is given in the annex to this document.

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Annex

COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND COORDINATION

(34 members)

Membership in 1993

Nine members from African States

Burundi* (1993), Congo* (1993), Egypt (1995), Ghana (1994), Kenya (1995), Nigeria* (1993), Togo (1995), Uganda* (1993), Zambia (1994)

Seven members from Asian States

China (1995), India* (1993), Indonesia* (1993), Iraq* (1993), Japan (1995), Pakistan* (1993), Republic of Korea (1995)

Four members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria* (1993), Poland* (1993), Russian Federation (1994), Ukraine* (1993)

Seven members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Bahamas (1994), Brazil* (1993), Chile* (1993), Colombia* (1993), Nicaragua (1995), Trinidad and Tobago* (1993), Uruguay (1994)

Seven members from Western European and other States

France (1994), Germany* (1993), Italy* (1993), Netherlands* (1993), Norway* (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* (1993), United States of America (1994)

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* Retiring member.

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27 January 1993

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Nomination of 12 members of the World Food Council

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The World Food Council has 36 members. In accordance with paragraph 8 of General Assembly resolution 3348 (XXIX), the Council is required to nominate 12 members for election by the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session to fill the vacancies in the World Food Council that will occur on 31 December 1993 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Bangladesh, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Colombia, Gambia, Kenya, Lesotho, Mexico, Nepal, Turkey and United States of America. The term is three years, beginning on 1 January 1994.

2. The vacancies are to be filled according to the following pattern:

Three members from African States;
Three members from Asian States;
One member from Eastern European States;
Two members from Latin American and Caribbean States;
Three members from Western European and other States.

3. The membership of the World Food Council in 1993 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

WORLD FOOD COUNCIL

(36 members)

Membership in 1993

Nine members from African States

Central African Republic (1994), Gambia* (1993), Guinea-Bissau (1995), Kenya* (1993), Lesotho* (1993), Nigeria (1995), Swaziland (1994), Tunisia (1995), Uganda (1994)

Eight members from Asian States (one seat remains vacant)

Bangladesh* (1993), China* (1993), Indonesia (1994), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1995), Japan (1995), Nepal* (1993), Thailand (1994)

Four members from Eastern European States

Albania (1994), Bulgaria* (1993), Hungary (1995), Russian Federation (1994)

Seven members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Colombia* (1993), Ecuador (1995), Guatemala (1994), Honduras (1994), Mexico* (1993), Nicaragua (1994), Peru (1995)

Eight members from Western European and other States

Australia (1994), Canada* (1993), France (1995), Germany (1994), Italy (1995), Norway (1995), Turkey* (1993), United States of America* (1993)

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* Retiring member.

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27 January 1993

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 16 members of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme has 48 members. In accordance with General Assembly resolution 2813 (XXVI) and Economic and Social Council decision 1986/150, the Council is to elect, at its resumed organizational session for 1993, 16 members of the Governing Council from among States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency for a three-year term beginning on the first day of the organizational meeting of the Governing Council in February 1994. The terms of the following members will expire on the day preceding the organizational meeting of the Governing Council in February 1994: Algeria, Austria, China, Cuba, Finland, Ghana, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Kuwait, Nicaragua, Russian Federation, Saint Lucia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America and Zimbabwe.

2. The 16 members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Three members from African States;
Three members from Asian States and Yugoslavia;
One member from Eastern European States;
Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;
Six members from Western European and other States.

3. The current membership of the Governing Council is given in the annex to the present document.

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Annex

GOVERNING COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

(48 members)

Membership in 1993

1. Twenty-seven seats for developing countries, allocated as follows:

(a) Eleven seats for African States

Algeria* (1994), Benin (1996), Cameroon (1995), Congo (1995), Côte d'Ivoire (1996), Gambia (1995), Ghana* (1994), Lesotho (1995), Somalia (1995), Sudan (1996), Zimbabwe* (1994)

(b) Nine seats for Asian States and Yugoslavia

China* (1994), Fiji (1995), India (1996), Indonesia* (1994), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1996), Kuwait* (1994), Pakistan (1995), Republic of Korea (1996), Yemen (1995)

(c) Seven seats for Latin American and Caribbean States

Bolivia (1995), Cuba* (1994), Ecuador (1996), Jamaica (1996), Nicaragua* (1994), Peru (1996), Saint Lucia* (1994)

2. Twenty-one seats for economically more advanced countries, allocated as follows:

(a) Seventeen seats for Western European and other States

Austria* (1994), Belgium (1995), Canada (1995), Finland* (1994), France (1995), Germany (1996), Italy* (1994), Japan* (1994), Netherlands (1996), New Zealand (1995), Norway (1995), Portugal (1996), Spain (1995), Sweden (1996), Switzerland (1996), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* (1994), United States of America* (1994)

(b) Four seats for Eastern European States

Czechslovakia+ (1996), Poland (1996), Romania (1995), Russian Federation* (1994)

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* Retiring member.

\+ See E/1993/2/Add.1.